U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

COMMISSION MEETING

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TE TOTAMISSION ON CIVIL DIGITAL

FRIDAY

JUNE 21, 2002

MIAMI, FLORIDA

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The Commission convened at 9:35 a.m., in the Hyatt Regency Miami Hotel, Tuttle Room, Miami, Florida, Chairperson Mary Frances Berry, Presiding.

PRESENT:

MARY FRANCES BERRY, CHAIRPERSON CRUZ REYNOSO, VICE CHAIRPERSON CHRISTOPHER EDLEY, JR., COMMISSIONER PETER N. KIRSANOW, COMMISSIONER ELSIE M. MEEKS, COMMISSIONER

LESLIE R. JIN, STAFF DIRECTOR

STAFF PRESENT:

KIMBERLEY ALTON JUNITA ALVAREZ-MAINSTER FRAN BOHNSACK DEBRA CARR, Deputy General Counsel GILBERT COLOŃ IVY DAVIS (Via Telephone) TERRY DICKERSON (Via Telephone) BOBBY DOCTOR BETTY EDMISTON SHELDON FULLER GEORGE M. HARBISON (Via Telephone) TINALOUISE MARTIN (Via Telephone) JENNY PARK MARC PENTINO (VIA Telephone) BERNARD QUARTERMAN DEBORAH REID

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STAFF PRESENT CONTINUE:

PETER REILLY, Parliamentarian KWANA ROYAL ALEXANDER SUN SYLVIA UNZUETA AUDREY WIGGINS AUDREY WRIGHT

COMMISSIONER ASSISTANTS PRESENT:

LAURA BATIE
PATRICK DUFFY
JOY FREEMAN
KIMBERLY SCHULD

A-G-E-N-D-A

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I. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

The first item on the CHAIRPERSON BERRY: agenda is the approval of the agenda, and I wish someone would note that as part of the agenda we will representative of our Florida Advisory the ask Committee, our State Advisory Committee, who is here, to say a few words to us since we are here meeting in Florida, and our Regional Director, Bobby Doctor who was here all day yesterday, and every time anything --I got a break a minute I was about to introduce him and have him stand up and I never did get around to I saw you I'm sorry, Bobby. doing it. yesterday. And there are other members of the SAC here also, and we'll have them introduced when we get to that point.

But if there is no objection or if someone would note, since I guess I'm not supposed to do it, I don't want to do it on my own motion, that we will include them in the agenda.

> VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: So moved.

-CHAIRPERSON BERRY: All right. Is there -

- with that addition, could someone move --

COMMISSIONER EDLEY: I move the agenda.

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Second?

1	VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: Second.
2	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: All in favor indicate
3	by saying aye.
4	(A chorus of ayes.)
5	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed?
6	(No response.)
7	II. APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF MAY 17, 2002 MEETING
8	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: The next item is the
9	approval of the Minutes of the May 17, 2002 meeting.
10	Could I get a motion, please?
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: So moved.
12	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Could I get a second?
13	COMMISSIONER EDLEY: Second.
14	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Any discussion? Any
	changes anyone would like to have made in the minutes?
15	-
15 16	(No response.)
16	(No response.)
16	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all
16 17 18	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye.
16 17 18 19	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye. (A chorus of ayes.)
16 17 18 19 20	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye. (A chorus of ayes.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed?
16 17 18 19 20 21	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye. (A chorus of ayes.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed? (No response.)
16 17 18 19 20 21	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye. (A chorus of ayes.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed? (No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: So moved.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: In that case, all those in favor, indicate by saying aye. (A chorus of ayes.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed? (No response.) CHAIRPERSON BERRY: So moved. III. ANNOUNCEMENTS

19th, was the 20th anniversary of the murder of Vincent Chin, the 27 year old Chinese-American who was brutally beaten to death by two white auto workers outside of a McDonald's restaurant in Detroit, Michigan. The two men reportedly thought he was Japanese-American and blamed him for the decline in the American automobile industry which was apparently taking place at that time.

He died from massive head injuries and his sentencing, what many people in the Asian-Pacific-American community interpreted as a weak sentence in his case and they were quite upset about this incident, and for many of them it's sort of like a milestone, and they remember this day and have determined to be more politically active at that time.

And so I just thought I wanted to point out that this was something that Yvonne Lee when she was on the Commission used to remind us of this every year to make sure we didn't forget it and that we do not forget, and that of course, we have systematically on this Commission denounced any kind of murder of that kind that seem to be related to the national origin, race, ethnicity, as particularly heinous, although any murder is heinous.

The other thing that I wanted to say was

yesterday -- this month marks the celebration of what African-American community, the in known is particularly in Texas, is June teenth day, and that was a day when the people in Texas finally found out in 1865 that slavery had been abolished and did not This was two know that, which is celebrated there. and a half years after the Emancipation Proclamation, which would have applied to Texas because Texas was out its proper relationship, as they used to say in those days, with the Union, and that there were not enough Union soldiers there to tell folks so they didn't find out until June 19th in 1865. celebrated locally and in the neighborhoods and is now many African-American communities around the country.

Title 9, this Sunday Title 9 of the Education Amendment -- will be 30 years since Title 9 was enacted, and Title 9, which would be on sex discrimination and programs that get Federal education money, has been controversial in part because of its impact on athletics. Some people feel that it has a detrimental affect on college athletic programs for men, when as far as this Commission is concerned, we have noted that what needs to happen is more money needs to be raised for sports like that. But in any

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case, it has had a great impact on educational opportunity for women, women in law schools, medical schools, colleges, universities and the like. And so this is an important landmark in our history also.

Does anyone else have anything that they

Does anyone else have anything that they would like to announce, any Commissioner?

do have Madam Chair, I MS. DAVIS: something I'd like to announce. I just found out yesterday and sadly to report that Tony Creswell, the former Assistant Staff Director for Regional Programs, passed away last week. Tony was a member of the staff from the late '60's to the late '70's and after leaving the Commission he worked for a time in D.C. Government, and then the Tennessee Valley Authority from which he retired. Tony was an attorney and came from Tennessee, and our warmest sympathies go out to his family and friends and I'd like to thank Melvin Jenkins, Regional Director of the Central Regional Office for helping us put this together.

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Thank you, Ivy. That comes as a great shock to me. Tony Creswell and I went to school together in Nashville and I knew him, of course, when he was at the Commission and I did not know of his death. Thank you.

VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: Perhaps we can

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proceed with the Staff Director's Report and then we'll come back to the Chair.

IV. STAFF DIRECTOR'S REPORT

STAFF DIRECTOR JIN: Thank you, Vice Chair.

I do have one thing that I want to say. The last three or four days there's been some reports in the press regarding an EEO matters that we have at the Agency, and some of the reports have erroneously the ultimate decision-maker that suggested personnel EEO matter is the Chair of the Commission, which of course the Commissioners know that is not the Our regulations make clear that the Staff Director is the ultimate decision-maker on all those personnel matters. certainly Ι have been And conducting myself in terms of the decisions and in terms of the written documents with that understanding.

So it seems that this error has probably been based on an erroneous footnote in a recent EEOC opinion regarding one of our cases, and so I have asked -- I have directed the Deputy General Counsel to next week, as early as possible, make sure that that is appropriately corrected and that the EEOC is notified of such -- that that is an error.

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other

Commissioners have Unless the 1 questions about other matters, that's I think all I 2 have in terms of the Staff Director's Report. 3 VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: Thank you very 4 5 much. I'm sorry. CHAIRPERSON BERRY: I just was 6 shocked by being told at this meeting that Tony had 7 I didn't know he died. 8 died. MS. DAVIS: I'm sorry, Madam Chair. 9 You didn't know, Ivy, CHAIRPERSON BERRY: 10 that he was a friend of mine. I'm very sorry, but it 11 just shocked me, like somebody hit me over the head. 12 But anyway, let me just thank you Vice 13 Chair. 14 V. STATE ADVISORY COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS FOR FLORIDA 15 CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Let me just say that 16 we now would go to the State Advisory Committee 17 Appointments -- no, we now go to the State Advisory 18 Committee, our Committee here in Florida and ask them 19 to come forward, and we're asking Gil Colon, who has 20 been a member of the Florida SAC since 2000 -- before 21 that he was a member of the Virginia State Advisory 22 When he moved from the Washington, D.C. 23 Committee.

Director of the South Florida District Office of the

area to South Florida to become

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Deputy District

Small Business Administration.

In addition to contributing to the Commission while he was in Florida and in Virginia, he has a long and distinguished record of public service, and I understand he has other members of the SAC with him.

So please proceed, Gil.

MR. COLOŃ: Good morning, Madam Chair. I'm not accustomed to calling you Madam Chair because we know each other from way back as Mary and Gil. We want to welcome you to sunny Florida. Hope you enjoy the rain. You came right in the middle of hurricane season and we will experience rain through November. So we look forward to it. However, I've told one of the staff persons -- I won't identify the person -- that South Beach never closes, so you might as well go to South Beach and have a good time. But we welcome you to Florida.

I need to tell you that we have a very active State Advisory Committee. We can't afford to be bi-partisan because bi-partisan doesn't mean a damn thing when it comes to the civil rights of American people. So we don't look at each other as democrats, republicans, or anything else. We look at each other as individuals who are keenly interested on the issues

that face us on a day to day basis. And we are pleased to be before you.

My colleagues, Juanita Alvarez Mainster who is to my left, and Fran Bohnsack to my right, and Silvia Unzueta to my far right, are members and are very active in all that we do.

I have been asked to give you kind of a thumbnail sketch or brief overview of what has been going on in our particular area in our state, which unfortunately has been too much, but nevertheless it does exist and we need to address those issues.

I would like to share with you some of the planning activities that have transpired and some of the briefings that have also taken place. As a matter of fact, here in Miami Beach there have been very many issues, including the whole Broward County area as well. Fort Lauderdale employment discrimination has been reported as being rampant in Fort Lauderdale. The police relations issues has also been a major issue as you well know here in South Florida, in every aspect of our county, whether it's Miami Beach, the City of Miami or Miami-Dade County in general.

We have met, we have planned so that we can discuss these issues in the various issues. We have met, have had meetings such as this one in the

community. They have been very active. The individuals that have come before us have been very articulate about the issues at hand. Fort Lauderdale in particular is having, continues to have major, major issues regarding employment issues, in spite of the fact that the City Manager happens to be African-American, which is a rather interesting dynamic there.

Subsequent to our meetings, your staff has gone forward, have met with the Mayors and the City Commissioners, along with the City Managers, and they have conferred about the various issues. They also met with the Police Chief in Miami Beach, the Police Chief in the City of Miami, the Police Chief in Miami-Dade County, North Miami Beach and the U.S. Attorney.

So we have been extremely active because we believe it is absolutely necessary. I'll take a position, I don't know where you stand relative to your faith, but I thank God that we have a U.S. Commission on Civil Rights.

Secondly, Tampa. Again, planning sessions occurred, meetings occurred, discrimination of all places in the area of basketball programs in the University of South Florida. Go figure. You know, the whole issue of Title 6 enforcement, the issue of the Hope 6 program which is a HUD program, is also not

only an issue in Tampa but it's an issue here in Miami-Dade County.

Again, we find ourselves having to follow up on these issues, meeting with the appropriate personnel in Tampa, and in St. Petersburg as you well know, several years ago there was quite a bit of civil unrest which required various Federal entities to go into the City of St. Petersburg for the mere purpose of trying number one, to calm down that community; number two, take resources into that community. And as I speak today, they still put barriers up when there are events in the big complex there between the African-American community and that big complex where they play football where individuals who attend those events cannot cross the line to spend their dollars in the African-American community.

So unfortunately racism is still alive and well.

And in Miami, post 9/11, again we had a, planning, meeting. We met with numerous, numerous Arab-Americans regarding their civil rights, they are very concerned, living in fear, many not even wanting to leave their homes as a result of the activities that have transpired post 9/11. That is still a major pending issue. As a matter of fact, in my Agency we

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have -- the Congress has decided to again extend our Economic Injury Disaster Loan Program through September 30th because the after effects of 9/11 just don't seem to go away.

We're seeing businesses drop. We're seeing employment drop. As a result, South Beach post 9/11 was like a ghost town and it's just starting to pick up. As a result of 9/11 our Arab-Americans throughout South Florida and throughout Florida are being targeted. There's a lot of profiling still continuing and it's a very, very terrible situation.

We met recently, as a matter of fact, in Jacksonville. We spent a lot of time there meeting and dealing with the issues. We had a room full of individuals reporting immigration irregularities in Clay County and allegations of discrimination. I'm not even going to read through my notes. I'm going to tell you what I heard, and I had to put my head down like Mary Berry just did to do a little weeping because I just couldn't believe what I was hearing.

We've got people who are immigrants who have been picked up and detained for years without knowing what they were doing there, because there was no one that could communicate what it was that they were doing.

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Immigration aware that the We are Naturalization Service has decided to contract this individuals. Wow. these detain to work out \$67,000.00, \$79,000.00 per person. Guess Lucrative. Boy, you go out and look for business. what you do? You go out and profile those people and you find them and you lock them up and you collect your \$67,000.00, \$79,000.00 per head. So you can imagine those pens are full with individuals whose rights have been totally violated, do not know why they're there, have not received any counseling, have not received an agent from the Immigration Naturalization Service. So it is a horrible, horrible situation.

We've got several out there looking for people that look like you and I, because we might look like a Hispanic who perhaps should not be in this country. We've heard stories of people being picked up and the individual was not only Hispanic but raised in that town, working in that town, being picked up, being detained after communicating, "I am one of you. I live here. I work here. I was born here. What am I doing here?"

And of course if you tell them you're Puerto Rican, they don't know what a Puerto Rican is. They ask you for a green card.

severe, severe some very have 1 I lived in Washington 22 problems, I kid you not. 2 years and when I moved to Springfield, Virginia they 3 asked me for a green card, and I said, "Why don't you 4 The Jones Act of 1917 made me a read your history? 5 U.S. citizen automatically. What are you teaching our 6 7 children?" Folks, we still have some very severe, 8 severe problems, I would imagine not only in the State 9 of Florida, but all throughout this country. 10 the Carter back in Marv and I way 11 remember Administration when we dealt with that issue, and here 12 we are more than 20 years later still dealing with the 13 same situation, and we will. 14 But in spite of that, we welcome you to 15 We hope that your sessions are productive. 16 our town. We hope that what's conveyed to you here is important 17 to you and can be used -- can I give a few moments to 18 19 my colleagues to perhaps address you? CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Yes. Please introduce 20 21 them. MR. COLON: Silvia Unzueta. 22 Delighted to be here. 23 MS. UNZUETA: Essentially something Gil said 24 that 25 I am one of you, and that was the touches a cord.

statement by this Puerto Rican when they were trying to pick him up.

The notion that at some point you can be one of a few partaking in this wonderful free system, people go through many (inaudible) to be one of you. And yet, that issue is the crux of what brings us to the table.

In spite of many years of struggle here and in many other places, we still have many people that are not part of this wonderful us.

I'm glad that it's raining and humid outside, so the temptation is not there for you to escape elsewhere, because I think the mission and the task at hand is awesome. Some of us have been in the trenches for many, many years. We were young once. I recall seeing you in the YWCA many years ago in the struggle.

Sometimes the faces change, but the realities, we're all part of it, regardless how we look and how we talk and how we come to the table and how much cleansing we try to do. Some of us have given up the notion of the cleansing, and do want an art part of it, and that is the -- I think the beauty of being in a system that allows at least the fighting back and the redress.

So having lived in Cuba with Castro and in Spain with Franco, the notion that there is such a body and that we are here and we continue to kick to make sure those folks are heard. What we heard in Jacksonville is awesome. What we know about Haitian women in detention is awesome. And what we know about folks of color, even light color, what goes on in this Nation.

It reminds me that we're still in the South, but it is refreshing to know that a lot of people of goodwill are working to turn the tide, have done it for many years and have still not given up. So we are delighted you are in South Florida. Thank you.

MS. BOHNSACK: Well, I want to welcome you too. My name is Fran Bohnsack. I want to thank you especially for your hard work yesterday and previous to that with regard to the 2000 election. I really wish I could have been with you yesterday. That's still an election that causes a lot of division and pain for many people that I know. So I very much appreciate your attention to it.

And I would like to say that I also am particularly looking forward to your trip this afternoon.

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River is the fourth largest port in the State of

River Cargo Carriers. You may not know, the Miami

In my employment life I work for the Miami

Florida and they are credited with doing four billion dollars worth of business for our county here on an

annual basis.

What we also do is serve the island nations of the Caribbean, and in particular Haiti and Santa Domingo. And in my day to day observations, we have many interactions with Federal agencies, INS and Customs in particular, have been very unbalanced in their treatment of those folks who traverse back and forth between the island nations of Haiti and Santa Domingo.

I can't help but observe, have observed in the past and listened to many complaints, that there's a special treatment given to the Haitians who engage in this trade, very legitimate trade, but it's a problem that's been compounded. I'm sure you read the papers, the stories that come from Miami about drug interdiction problems and things of that kind. And I'm concerned that the agencies tend to perceive that those problems generate from one segment of the community.

I'm here to tell you from my first-hand

1	observation that is not true. But it's a very
2	difficult message to convey to the Federal agencies
3	and I think when you and I'm going with you this
4	afternoon - to visit the women who are detained, you
5	will find similar special treatment that is
6	heartbreaking and appalling, and so I'm very glad
7	you're devoting your attention to that and I thank
8	you.
9	MR. COLOŃ: And Juanita Alvarez Mainster.
LO	MS. MAINSTER: Good morning, Buenos dias.
LI	I also want to welcome you to our area and
L2	I hope that you have a wonderful stay here.
L3	I, like Gil, thank God that we have a
L4	Civil Rights Commission for those people who just have
L5	been trampled on year after year.
L6	After listening to the testimony out of
L7	Jacksonville, you know, I have to stop and think about
L8	when I was a migrant worker traveling up and down the
19	east coast of this country as a young child being
20	deported. I have been deported from my country five
21	times. And that was a long time ago.
22	To listen to it again, here we are in
23	2002, and it's still happening. I have seen it
24	VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: Are you in the
,	book of Cuinogg?

MS. MAINSTER: I probably should be.

But I have seen this happen in Homestead have been involved in I here. south of situations where, you know, INS has been just cruising the streets of Homestead and they follow this young He looks very Mexican. man wearing a hat. He was And you know, no questions. The agent pulled over. The gentleman didn't speak didn't speak Spanish. And it's kind of like sign language, "get in English. the car."

You know, I stopped and I said, "What's going on?" He was just riding his bike. There is no crime in riding a bike on a public street in Homestead.

But because he looked Mexican, because he was wearing that hat, he was going to be transported to Krome. You know, fortunately, we were able to intervene in that.

But that's just one minor case. There are so many up and down the east coast of this country. Lately I have been focusing a lot in North Carolina where the largest -- there's the largest increase of immigrant workers in North Carolina. And these violations are like blatant. They're right there, like they were in the late '50's and early '60's. And

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I hope that we can put our little grain of sand in there and make a difference. We must. We can't just sit back and say, "Well, you know, somebody else will take care of it."

It hasn't been taken care of. It wasn't taken care of when it happened to me and people have continued to suffer these horrible situations.

Thank you.

MR. COLOŃ: Madam Chair and Commissioners and Mr. Jin, I would be remiss if I didn't make a final comment by indicating that number one, we appreciate your attention, we appreciate your being here. We know that you're here because you want to be here. We know that you don't necessarily control appropriations, and in spite of the fact that there are limited resources, somehow Bobby Doctor, Ivy and others in the Commission have found a way to be with us, to challenge our causes, to work with us, and as you can see by our agenda, we have been extremely active.

I frankly don't know how he does it, but it happens and I would be remiss if I didn't tell you that, because it is extremely difficult. I run a Federal agency as well and without money you can't do anything, and yet he's here doing it on behalf of not

1	only you and us, but the American people. And so we
2	congratulate you on getting the job done in spite of
3	the fact that we might not necessarily be the agency
4	of favor relative to appropriations. So I
5	congratulate you on what you're accomplishing with
6	such meager resources.
7	Thank you so very much for being with us.
8	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Thank you. Does
9	anyone want to ask anything?
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON REYNOSO: I wondered, you
11	mentioned one Bobby Doctor. Would you mind
12	introducing him?
13	MR. COLOŃ: Bobby Doctor, would you stand,
14	please?
15	Thank you, Bobby, on behalf of the SAC.
16	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Bobby has given long
17	service to this agency, long and distinguished
18	service.
19	MR. COLON: I think it was wisdom not to
20	bring him to the microphone.
21	(Laughter.)
22	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: You think so?
23	You may know I don't know how much you
24	know, but we've had some discussions on the Commission
25	on the resource issue and we've talked about how SAC's

can have more meetings, because that's one of the big 1 And one of the ideas is that we finally 2 problems. found out that the Federal Advisory Committee Act, I 3 think FACA, would not be a barrier to SAC's having 4 telephone meetings if they could have someone sitting 5 in on the meeting by -- as opposed to -- otherwise --6 which may be of a help to you, as you try to figure 7 out, you know, what you want to do, because it is a 8 real problem, and also trying to get -- until we can 9 resources, whenever that is, maybe 10 some Central Office to try to help out on, you 11 getting some of your reports written or something. 12 We're trying to find ways to maximize your 13 you're volunteers and because we 14 productivity, mean you're doing this 15 appreciate that. Ι for We're doing it for almost nothing, but 16 nothing. 17 some of us are doing it for nothing, less than 18 nothing. So we do appreciate you. 19 Does anyone want to ask or say anything to If not, then we thank you -- yes? 20 the SAC's? Yes, Commissioner Kirsanow? 21 22 COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: You talked about 23 employment discrimination in Fort Lauderdale. Was 24 that public employment or private employment? 25 Public. MR. COLON: I would assume both,

1	but this one was targeted directly at the City of Fort
2	Lauderdale.
3	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: And what kind of
4	discrimination are we talking about?
5	MR. COLOŃ: Job retention, job hiring,
6	promotions, the gamut.
7	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: Have charges been
8	filed?
9	MR. COLOŃ: Yes, sir.
10	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: Do you know what
11	the basis of I mean is there some public official
12	that is in charge or some supervisors or
13	MR. COLOŃ: The City Manager is ultimately
14	responsible, as Mr. Jin is ultimately responsible for
15	the Commission, for all hiring practices, and
16	unfortunately, he's the target of the discrimination.
17	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: Is this something
18	that's new?
19	MR. COLOŃ: No, it's unfortunately,
20	it's not new because we had this meeting quite some
21	time ago. It has unfortunately, not gone away. And I
22	know that Bobby and his folks have been interacting
23	with the appropriate individuals to try to bring to
24	bear some kind of understanding and compromise in that
25	city.

1	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: Do you know what
2	categories of employment we're talking about?
3	MR. COLOŃ: Do you remember that Bobby?
4	COMMISSIONER KIRSANOW: The categories
5	with classifications of employees are being
6	discriminated against?
7	MR. DOCTOR: (Inaudible). I think it's
8	interesting to note that the Justice Department has
9	intervened. (Inaudible). The EEOC has also been
10	involved and they have ruled in favor of I think about
11	three different employees. We met with the Mayor and
12	the City Managers and members of the City Commission a
13	few months ago. And they had indicated that
14	(inaudible) institutionalize some progressive changes.
15	(Inaudible).
16	MR. COLOŃ: Guy Lewis' office, who he is
17	the U.S. Attorney in this area, has been involved.
18	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Okay. Thank you very,
19	very much for coming. We appreciate it.
20	COMMISSIONER EDLEY: Madam Chair, before
21	we leave the Staff Director's section, I wanted to
22	raise the issue of the pending Federal legislation
23	concerning creation of a department for Homeland
24	Security.
25	I think it's we discussed in some of

the meetings that we had late fall concerning post 9/11 developments. Week by week I think it's becoming increasingly clear that there are substantial civil rights and civil liberties questions that arise in the conduct of the Nation's War on Terrorism. And it seemed to me that as Congress legislates the creation of a new department, there is an opportunity to devise insure insofar as administrative safeguards to anti-terrorism efforts our possible that related law enforcement efforts are conducted in a way that's respectful of civil rights and civil liberty norms, whatever those norms happen to be.

So I'm saying let's put aside the question of what constitutes impermissible racial profiling or what constitutes impermissible intrusions on privacy and the like, and just ask the question how can we be enforcement investigative intelligence sure that authorities are living by the spirit of whatever those Whether it's through some kind of a Watch norms are. Commission or some kind of Inspector super General, it seems to me that something needs to be explored that takes a page from the experience of the monitoring of police departments, the monitoring of Central Intelligence Agency and its covert handle special courts to activities, the use of

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warrants in national security cases.

There's a whole constellation of experiences that might be brought to bear in asking the question, as Congress creates a new department for Homeland Security, how administratively can we insure that it is appropriately respectful of civil rights and civil liberties.

Especially since, Madam Chair, yesterday you said we were going to be going to Detroit next month and talking with people from the Arab-American community and others about post 9/11 developments, I was wondering if it would be possible for the staff to do a little thinking about this question of whether there's something we might suggest to Congress in the way of administrative safeguards to build into the Department of Homeland Security.

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: I don't know the timing on the legislation. All we all know is what we hear and what we read, and from this morning's T.V. it seems to be moving a little slower than it was at first. But I guess I can assume it's not going to pass before July the -- pass both Houses, go to conference and get signed by July. I guess that's a fair assumption.

So we have a little time but not too much

and we should weigh in on the debate as early as possible if we wish to weigh in on it. And I think it's an excellent idea. The Commission has always made recommendations about administrative structures and how civil rights should be protected in offices and review them as we do in the Office of Civil Rights Evaluation. And there are, as you say, a lot of models, whether it's an IG model, Inspector General, or something.

So I think the staff should analyze the Homeland Security proposals and proposals about civil rights and civil liberties, appropriate structures for guaranteeing civil rights and civil liberties in agencies, whether in agencies or as you said, as some kind of Watch Dog Commission or the like, and draft up something for us in terms of a paper or something.

What timing are you asking for on that?

COMMISSIONER EDLEY: I think if we can come up with something very simple to suggest and devote on no later than the July meeting, I think that would be -- I think that would work. But just to verify that that's the case, I think staff should check on the hill to make sure that anything we come up with by mid July would still be timely.

Let me also mention, another example that

comes to mind is in the immigration legislation in '96, maybe it's before '96, Congress created a special Ombudsman kind of a function within INS because it was concerned about the risks of increased employer discrimination because of the employer sanction provisions.

VICE CHAIRPERSON `REYNOSO: That was during the Reagan Administration.

COMMISSIONER EDLEY: So back in '87, I'm sorry. So there's another possible model, although I don't think that one is as effective. And I'm really thinking about something where you would have either a Commission or an Inspector General with all the security clearances necessary in order to do things, not necessarily in public, but just so that we have some comfort that there's somebody out there whose mission is to keep an eye on whether or not the I's are dotted and the T's are crossed with respect to civil rights and civil liberties compliance.

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: And it would have to be -- you need, obviously, a structure because as I understand it, this is a long term endeavor and the agency is as permanent as any other agency in the Federal Government.

So we will -- if there's no objection --

1	is there objection?
2	(No response.)
3	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: The staff will without
4	objection check the dates, come up with something, and
5	if need be, if we need to act on something before July
6	because of timing on the hill, then we could reset
7	something and do it by poll vote; otherwise, we would
8	consider it in July if it's ready.
9	Okay. Does anyone have anything else?
10	STAFF DIRECTOR JIN: About the Staff
11	Director's Report?
12	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Anything else, period?
13	STAFF DIRECTOR JIN: Yes, there's the
14	State Advisory Committee, one report from
15	Pennsylvania.
16	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: All right, let's go to
17	the State Advisory Committee Report from Pennsylvania,
18	Barriers Facing Minority and Women-Owned Business in
19	Pennsylvania.
20	VI. STATE ADVISORY COMMITTEE REPORT
21	BARRIERS FACING MINORITY AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS IN
22	PENNSYLVANIA
23	COMMISSIONER EDLEY: Madam Chair
24	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Could I get a motion
25	first?

33 Is that what you want? 1 it. Second. COMMISSIONER MEEKS: 2 CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Okay, go ahead. 3 COMMISSIONER EDLEY: I thought it was a 4 terrific piece of work. I mean it was thorough. It 5 And I just want to commend had lots of meat in it. 6 I 7 the Staff and the Advisory Committee for it. thought it was quite impressive. 8 I do want to note however, that there was 9 a little bit of a tale of woe in terms of the efforts 10 of the Advisory Committee to get the information that 11 12 needed from officials in Philadelphia and elsewhere. 13 Ivy, I don't know what generally happens, 14 but it did strike me that in situations like that --15 16 State Advisory Committees through the Regional 17 Offices really avail themselves of whatever clout the 18 Washington office can bring to bear to help them get 19 access to the information and the witnesses and so

MS. DAVIS: Well, I'm going to ask Marc Pentino who is the staff person that worked on that. He's been writing while we were talking and he hasn't looked up so I can give him the sign. It was a great effort on Marc's part and he's worked with the

forth that they need?

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Advisory Committee.

Marc, can you speak to that?

MR. PENTINO: Assistance from headquarters would be most appreciative. I think at some point Peter and I were going to pose to headquarters and the Staff Director some type of guidance on how we can best get agency resources when we encounter problems through state and local officials.

It's going to -- officials do respond, but sometimes we do get stonewalled, and that did happen in Philadelphia and it continues. To try to update the report, some sections, I again wrote to Philadelphia and called some people in Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh is more welcoming than Philadelphia. We're making an attempt, but with our limited resources we can certainly use some help in that regard.

COMMISSIONER EDLEY: I just wanted to flag that for the Staff Director, as again, I think a relatively easy way that we can help leverage the effectiveness of the SAC's and the regions by kind of a strategic application of a little Washington muscle to help them on the data issues.

I just want to note, I was really very dismayed that -- at the slothfulness in Philadelphia with respect to doing a utilization study to make sure

that they are in compliance with the Supreme Court's rulings on -- it was a very good report.

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: And not only was it a good report, but when I was reading it I was reminded yesterday -- I mean I connected with something that I heard yesterday -- a former President of a national organization happened to be in the audience yesterday when we were having the Florida voting discussion, and she came up to me afterwards to say hello and she said, "I love coming to Commission meetings, but I wish I could come to one where I didn't feel like I had to cry because there's so many problems and we hear all these things. I'd like to come one day and have all these successes."

And when I was reading that report, I thought, "My God, the same things are going on with minority in women's business programs that have been going on for years," though all these issues about bonding and not being able to get bonding, and we had a big hearing in Baltimore years ago in which the largest bonding company in the country testified that they charged people of color who had companies higher rates to get a bond for performance, even though their performance record was better. And the guy sat there under oath and couldn't figure out why he was doing

that. He said, "I don't know why we do that. We've just done that for years and we just continue to do that."

And so these problems persist. But it was a very good report, a fine example of what Staff does and the State Advisory Committees.

VII. FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

CHAIRPERSON BERRY: One of the things I forgot to mention again, which I mentioned yesterday, formerly was to say that the meeting — and Commissioner Edley said it — that the meeting in July will be in Detroit.

The other thing is to say that after yesterday's discussion about voting rights, the Staff will prepare some kind of statement for us on what we heard yesterday and send it out to us and we'll put that to a poll vote as soon as they finish it to see if -- a short statement -- to see if there's a statement that we can agree to about what we heard yesterday.

Are there any other items on the agenda that I should do? I see Kim waiving another message. So what else?

Did we vote on the SAC report? We did not.

1	Commissioner Edley, you should move that
2	we accept the SAC report.
3	COMMISSIONER EDLEY: I move we accept the
4	report for printing.
5	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Second?
6	COMMISSIONER MEEKS: Second.
7	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: All in favor indicate
.8	by saying aye.
9	(A chorus of ayes.)
10	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Opposed?
11	(No response.)
12	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: So ordered.
13	STAFF DIRECTOR JIN: Madam Chair, I was
14	just going to announce a change in location for the
15	briefing on the Haitian detention issue. It's been
16	switched to this room. They need about five to ten
17	minutes to set it up and then we'll have it in this
18	room.
19	CHAIRPERSON BERRY: Okay. So we will now
20	adjourn this meeting, without objection, and in about
21	five minutes we will come back here to meet with the
22	people who invited us to talk about the Haitian
23	detention issues.
24	Thank you very much, Commissioners.
25	(Whereupon, the meeting was adjourned at

10:30 a.m.)

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